1. Introduction

PURPOSE OF THE TOOL:

This self-assessment tool aims to assess the operations and functions of research ethics committees (RECs) against recognized international standards for RECs. Each question has been assigned a point value and therefore, your final score can be compared with an established average of other RECs in a similar stage of operation.

LENGTH OF SURVEY:

This survey should take about 30-60 minutes to complete.

CONFIDENTIALITY:

The responses you give on this survey will be anonymous and hence, the data will remain confidential. We will aggregate the data with data collected on other surveys. Any materials published will be in aggregate form.

Benefits: We will aggregate the data with data collected from other surveys. Any materials published will be in aggregate form and will contribute to an emerging database that will help inform other RECs

CONTACT INFORMATION: For further information about this survey , you can contact Henry Silverman @ hsilverm@medicine.umaryland.edu

If you desire to continue, please click on the "next" button.

2. Organizational Aspects (Maximum 52 points)
What year was the REC established?
2. How often does the REC meet as a full committee to review research studies?
once/week
twice/month
once/month
every two months
other
has not yet met to review protocol
3. Is it required that the REC register with a national authority, for example, the Ministry of Health or another regulatory body?
Yes
○ No
4. Was the REC established under the authority of a high institutional official and reports to that office (e.g., President, Vice President, Dean)?
○ Yes
○ No
5. If yes to Q#4, what is the position of the high institutional official?
6. Does the REC have written Standard Operating Procedures?
Yes
○ No

7. Does the REC makes clear the specific ethical guidelines it uses to review research?
Yes
○ No
8. If Yes to question #6, which of the following guidelines does it use?
Its own National Guidelines
CIOMS (Council for International Organizations of Medical Sciences
International Conference on Harmonization (ICH)
Declaration of Helsinki
Belmont Report
U.S. 45 Code of Federal Regulations 46
Other (please specify)
O Doos the DEC have a nation that autilines the present for appointing the DEC Chair?
9. Does the REC have a policy that outlines the process for appointing the REC Chair?
Yes
○ No
10. Which of the following criteria are used to select the Chair of the REC (check all that apply)
prior training in ethics
prior research experience
no specific requirements
Other (please describe)
11. Does the REC have a policy that describes the process for appointing the members of the REC and
details the membership requirements and the terms of appointment?
Yes
○ No

No 14. Does the REC have a policy for disclosure and management of potential conflicts of interest for members of the research team? Yes No 15. Does the REC have a quality improvement (QI) program for itself? Yes No No 16. Does the institution regularly evaluate the operations of the REC (e.g., budgetary, needs adequacy)		Which of the following criteria is used to select REC members (check all that apply)
Other (please describe) 3. Does the REC have a policy for disclosure and management of potential conflicts of interest for the numbers of the REC? Yes No 4. Does the REC have a policy for disclosure and management of potential conflicts of interest for numbers of the research team? Yes No 5. Does the REC have a quality improvement (QI) program for itself? Yes No (yes, describe what was done in the last year and any changes that were made as a result of the QI program 6. Does the institution regularly evaluate the operations of the REC (e.g., budgetary, needs adequacy	r	orior training in ethics
Other (please describe) 13. Does the REC have a policy for disclosure and management of potential conflicts of interest for the members of the REC? Yes No 14. Does the REC have a policy for disclosure and management of potential conflicts of interest for members of the research team? Yes No 15. Does the REC have a quality improvement (QI) program for itself? Yes No 16. Does the what was done in the last year and any changes that were made as a result of the QI program	r	prior research experience
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16. Does the institution regularly evaluate the operations of the REC (e.g., budgetary, needs adequacy		No
	f yes,	describe what was done in the last year and any changes that were made as a result of the QI program
material resources, adequacy of policies and procedures and practices, appropriateness of the membership given the research being reviewed, and documentation of the training requirements of the REC members)?	mate mem	erial resources, adequacy of policies and procedures and practices, appropriateness of the abership given the research being reviewed, and documentation of the training requirements of the
Yes		······································
No No)	

ase describe the mechanism				
ase describe the mechanism				
are records of the REC stor	red (please check on	ly one)?		
r folders in a locked file cabinet				
ronic in a password protected com	nputer			
n open shelf				
r				
	or folders in a locked file cabinet ronic in a password protected com n open shelf	r folders in a locked file cabinet ronic in a password protected computer n open shelf r rum: Does the REC require that there be a certain	ronic in a password protected computer n open shelf r rum: Does the REC require that there be a certain number of me	ronic in a password protected computer n open shelf r rum: Does the REC require that there be a certain number of members present in or

3. MEMBERSHIP AND EDUCATIONAL T	FRAINING (Maximum 32 points)
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4 11	W	
1. How many membe	rs are there on the REC?	
enter number here		
2. Please indicate the	gender distribution:	
How many members are women?		
How many members are		
men?		
3. Are high ranking of REC can make indep	ficials not allowed to act as chair or as a member of the REC, thus ensuring that the endent decisions?	
Yes		
No		
•	nbers not affiliated with the institution? Ited if he/she is not employed by the institution and is not related to a person who is	
(A person is not affilia		
(A person is not affiliatemployed)?		
(A person is not affilial employed)? Yes		
(A person is not affilial employed)? Yes No	ted if he/she is not employed by the institution and is not related to a person who is	
(A person is not affiliate employed)? Yes No No No		
(A person is not affiliate employed)? Yes No No No	ted if he/she is not employed by the institution and is not related to a person who is not related to a person who is not related to a person who is	
(A person is not affiliatemployed)? Yes No No 5. Are any of the men (A Non-Scientific Mer field).	nbers considered to be a non-scientist? The same many member who does not have a terminal degree in a medical or scientific	
(A person is not affiliate employed)? Yes No No 5. Are any of the men (A Non-Scientific Mer field). Please note that one	ted if he/she is not employed by the institution and is not related to a person who is not related to a person who is not related to a person who is	
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(A person is not affiliate employed)? Yes No No 5. Are any of the men (A Non-Scientific Mer field). Please note that one	nbers considered to be a non-scientist? There is any member who does not have a terminal degree in a medical or scientific member may fulfill both criteria of a non-scientist and a non-affiliated person. If this is	
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	e (members of the community) a member of the REC?
Yes	
O No	
	ment that the REC chair (or the designee who is in charge of running the committee) training in research ethics?
yes	
no	
8. If yes, what type o	of training is required (check all that applies)?
web-based training	
workshop in research	ch ethics
course	
Other (please describe)	
yes no	
no	of training is required (check all that applies)?
no	of training is required (check all that applies)?
no 10. If yes, what type	
no 10. If yes, what type web-based training	
no 10. If yes, what type web-based training workshop in researe	
no 10. If yes, what type web-based training workshop in researe course	
no 10. If yes, what type web-based training workshop in researd course Other (please describe)	
no 10. If yes, what type web-based training workshop in researe course Other (please describe) 11. Does the institution	ion require that investigators have training in research ethics in order to submit
no 10. If yes, what type web-based training workshop in researd course Other (please describe)	ion require that investigators have training in research ethics in order to submit

12. If yes, what type of training is required (check all that applies)?	
web-based training	
workshop in research ethics	
lecture	
course	
Other (please describe)	
13. Does the REC conduct continuing education in research ethics for its members on a regular be	asis?
yes	
ono no	
14. Does the REC document in writing the training that its members have received in research eth	ics?
yes	

4. SUBMISSION ARRANGEMENTS (Max 12 points)

Does the REC have a policy on any of the following items?
Written guidelines for the submission of protocols to the REC?
Yes
○ No
2. A requirement for investigators to use a specific application form for them to submit their protocols to the REC?
yes
ono no
3. A requirement that investigators follow an informed consent template that helps guide investigators in the writing of informed consent forms?
yes
ono no
4. A requirement that the department chair (or another individual) approve and sign off on the research protocol prior to submission to the REC?
Yes
○ No
5. A deadline by which investigators need to submit protocols (e.g., two weeks prior to the next REC meeting)?
Yes
○ No

	Yes	No
Full protocol		
Informed consent form		
Investigator's qualifications [e.g., CV, medical license, etc.]		
Conflict of interests disclosure forms for members of the research team		
Recruitment material (e.g., advertisements, signs, posters, etc), when applicable		
Questionnaires/surveys that will be used in the research, when applicable		
Investigator Drug Brochure or materials describing the nature of the drug being used in a clinical trial, when applicable		

5. MINUTES (Maximum 13 points)	
1. Does the REC maintain minutes of each meeting?	
yes	
no	
If minutes are kept, please indicate which of the following are documented in the "minutes"	
2. Members were asked whether they had a conflict of interest regarding any of the protocols that will be reviewed and that such members did not participate in the decision on the relevant protocols?	
Yes	
○ No	
3. A quorum was present for all actions requiring a decision?	
Yes	
○ No	
4. All actions requiring a decision included at least one scientist (i.e., participated in the review and voted on the action)?	
Yes	
○ No	
5. All actions requiring a decision included at least one non-scientist?	
Yes	
○ No	
6. All actions requiring a decision included at least one person who is not affiliated with the institution?	
Yes	
○ No	

7. The names of REC members who abstained from a vote and a reason abstaining?
Yes
○ No
8. The names of REC members who were excused from any action requiring a decision due to a conflict of interest?
Yes
○ No
9. A discussion of the controversial aspects of the research protocol, when applicable?
Yes
○ No

6. POLICIES: Is there a policy regarding each of the following items (11 points)

1. How protocols will be reviewed?
Yes
○ No
2. Obtaining the services of a consultant when necessary to provide specific expertise for review of a particular protocol?
Yes
○ No
3. A requirement that REC members receive the protocol and other materials at a specified time prior to the meeting?
Yes
○ No
4. A requirement that the reviewers use a checklist to document their ethical assessment of the research submission?
Yes
○ No
5. The conditions for expedited REC review?
Yes
○ No
6. The conditions for when studies may qualify for exempt status?
Yes
○ No

7. That the interval of continuing review is based on the risk of the study?	
Yes	
○ No	
8. How decisions are made (e.g., consensus or a vote)?	
Yes	
○ No	
9. Whether REC members are asked at the beginning of each meeting if they have a conflict regarding any of the protocols to be discussed?	of interest
Yes	
○ No	
10. A process regarding communicating REC decisions to principal investigators?	
Yes	
No	
11. Does the REC have a policy that details the process for early termination and suspension	n of protocols?
11. Does the REC have a policy that details the process for early termination and suspension Yes	n of protocols?
	n of protocols?
Yes	n of protocols?

7. Scientific Design and Conduct of the Study (Maximum 3 points)

Which of the following items regarding Scientific Design and Study Conduct are reviewed by the REC?
1. The suitability of the investigators' qualifications to conduct the study?
Yes
○ No
2. The adequacy of the clinical site, including the supporting staff, available facilities, and emergency procedures?
Yes
○ No
3. Prior scientific reviews performed by another committee; or, if such reviews are not available, does the REC determine whether the study design is adequate to address the objectives of the study, the appropriateness of the statistical methodology, and the potential for addressing the objectives with the smallest number of research participants?
Yes
○ No

8. Considerations of Risks and Benefits (Maximum 6 points)

1. The different risks of the research protocol? Yes No 2. Whether risks have been minimized? Yes No 3. Whether the risks are greater than minimal risk based on a written definition of minimal risk? Yes No 4. The potential benefits of the research to the participants? Yes No 5. The importance of the knowledge to society that may reasonably be expected to result from the research? Yes No 6. Whether the risks to research participants are reasonable in relation to any anticipated benefits to participants and the importance of the knowledge to be gained to society? Yes	Which of the following items does the REC review or evaluate?
No 2. Whether risks have been minimized? Yes No 3. Whether the risks are greater than minimal risk based on a written definition of minimal risk? Yes No 4. The potential benefits of the research to the participants? Yes No 5. The importance of the knowledge to society that may reasonably be expected to result from the research? Yes No 6. Whether the risks to research participants are reasonable in relation to any anticipated benefits to participants and the importance of the knowledge to be gained to society? Yes	1. The different risks of the research protocol?
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3. Whether the risks are greater than minimal risk based on a written definition of minimal risk? Yes No 4. The potential benefits of the research to the participants? Yes No 5. The importance of the knowledge to society that may reasonably be expected to result from the research? Yes No 6. Whether the risks to research participants are reasonable in relation to any anticipated benefits to participants and the importance of the knowledge to be gained to society? Yes	Yes
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6. Whether the risks to research participants are reasonable in relation to any anticipated benefits to participants and the importance of the knowledge to be gained to society? Yes	Yes
participants and the importance of the knowledge to be gained to society? Yes	○ No
INO INO	participants and the importance of the knowledge to be gained to society?

9. Selection of Research Participants (Maximum 6 points)

Which of the following items does the REC review or evaluate?
1. The investigators' plans to identify and recruit potential participants?
Yes
○ No
2. Whether the recruitment plans ensure that the selection of subjects will be equitable with regards to gender, religion, and ethnicity?
Yes
○ No
3. Whether any of the potential participants are from vulnerable groups, (such as, children, prisoners, persons with mental disabilities, or persons who are economically or educationally disadvantaged)?
Yes
○ No
4. The justification for including vulnerable populations in the research?
Yes
○ No
5. Whether additional safeguards are needed for vulnerable persons that will further protect their rights and welfare?
Yes
○ No
6. The appropriateness of any financial or other incentives offered to participants for their participation in the research? Yes
○ No

10. Privacy and Confidentiality (Maximum 2 points)
Which of the following items does the REC review or evaluate?
Whether the setting in which participants are recruited protects their privacy?
Yes
○ No
2. The methods for protecting the confidentiality of the collected research data?
Yes
○ No

11. Comunity Consultation (Maximum 3 points)

Which of the following items does the REC review or evaluate?
1. Whether the potential benefits of the research are relevant to the health needs of the local community/country and whether any successful study product will be reasonably available to the concerned communities after the research?
Yes
○ No
2. Whether any successful study product will be reasonably available to the concerned communities after the research is performed?
Yes
○ No
3. Whether the community was consulted regarding the design and implementation of the research, if applicable?
Yes
○ No

12. Safety Monitoring, Research Related Injury, and Pediatric Research (Maximum 3 points)

Which of the following items does the REC review or evaluate?
1. Whether the research plan, when applicable, includes adequate provisions for monitoring the data collected to ensure the safety of subjects?
Yes
○ No
2. Whether the sponsors of the research have adequate insurance to cover the treatments of injury related to the research?
Yes
○ No
3. The need to obtain the child's assent in pediatric research?
Yes
○ No

13. Informed Consent (Maximum 5 points)

Which of the following items does the REC review or evaluate?
1. The process by which informed consent will be obtained? For example, how do investigators identify potential subjects, where does the informed consent process take place, are potential subjects allowed to take the consent form home and are participants given enough time to ask questions, etc.?
Yes
○ No
Which members of the research team will approach potential participants for their informed consent? Yes
○ No
3. Whether the informed consent document is understandable to the subject population?
Suggested ways to assess the comprehension of the consent form include: • evaluate the reading level of the consent document • have a community member read the consent form • require investigators to assess the subject's understanding of the consent form
Yes
○ No
4. Whether the requirement to obtain informed consent can be waived that is based on written criteria? Yes No
5. Whether the requirement to have a written signature on the informed consent document can be waived that is based on written criteria?
Yes
○ No

14. Basic Elements of Informed	Consent (Maximum 1	15 points)
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1. Does the REC evaluate whether the info	ormed consent form	contains the following	g basic elements of
informed consent?			

	Yes	No
A statement that the study involves research.		
An explanation of the purposes of the research.		
The expected duration of the subject's participation.		
A description of the study's procedures to be followed.		
Identification of any experimental procedures.		
A description of any reasonably foreseeable risks or discomforts to the participant.		
A description of any benefits to the participant or to society that might reasonably be expected from the research.		
A disclosure of appropriate alternative treatments that might be available to participants if they decline to participate in the study.		
A statement describing the extent to which the data will be kept confidential.		

	Yes	No
For research involving more than minimal risk, an explanation as to whether any treatments are available if injury occurs.		
An explanation of whom to contact for questions about the research.		
An explanation of whom to contact for questions about research participants' rights.		
A statement that participation is voluntary.		
A statement that refusal to participate will involve no penalty or loss of benefits to which the subject is otherwise entitled.		
A statement that participant may discontinue participation at any time without penalty or loss of benefits to which the participant is otherwise entitled.		

15. COMMUNICATION A DECISION (APPROVAL LETTER) Maximum 5 points

This section involves questions regarding the approval letter that is sent to the PI. If your REC does not send an approval letter to the investigator, please skip this section.

Which of the following items are in the approval letter?
1. An expiration date for the conduct of the research that is 1 year from the date of the convened REC meeting in which the study was approved.
Yes
○ No
2. That investigators are required to submit to the REC any changes that occur in the research plan; for example, change in investigators, change in drug doses, change in the sample size, etc.
Yes
○ No
3. That investigators are required to promptly report to the REC any serious adverse events (SAEs). Yes
○ No
4. That investigators are required to promptly report to the REC any protocol violations.Yes
○ No
5. That investigators are required to use the REC-approved informed consent form that is stamped with an expiration date.
Yes
○ No

	Yes	No
Number of participants enrolled.	0	
Gender, ethnic, or religious breakdown of enrolled participants.		
Number of participants withdrawn from the research by the investigators.		
The reasons why participants were withdrawn from the study.		
Number of participants who decided to drop out of the research.		
The reasons why participants dropped out.		
Verification that informed consent was obtained from all participants and that all signed consent forms are on file.		
Number and description of serious adverse events (SAEs) in the previous year.		
List of any protocol violations or deviations.		
Submission of any safety monitoring reports.		
If the study is completed, then a final report is submitted describing the study results.		

The administrative staff is half-time

None of the above

17. REC RESOURCES (Maximum 16 points)
1. Does the REC have its own budget?
Yes
○ No
2. If there is a budget, are monies designated for training of administrative staff and REC members? Yes No
3. Please check below the following resources available to the REC (check all that apply)
access to a meeting room
access to a computer and printer
access to the internet
access to a fax machine
access to cabinets for storage of the protocol files
4. Does the REC have an administrative staff assigned to the REC?
yes
ono no
5. If yes, then choose one of the below: The administrative staff is full-time
\sim

18. Work Load of the REC
Average number of protocols reviewed annually?
Average number of clinical trials reviewed annually?
3. Average number of survey/interview studies reviewed annually?
4. Average number of epidemiologic/observational studies reviewed annually?
5. Average duration of the REC meetings.

19. Evaluation of Self-Assessifient to	19.	Evaluation	of	Self-Assessment	Too	ار
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1	Assessment
	Assessment

Please choose the best answer for each of the following statements.

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Uncertain	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
The time to complete this survey was reasonable.					
The instructions were easy to follow.					
The questions were clear and understandable.					
The questions on the survey were appropriate.					
This survey will produce useful information.					
less than 30 minutes between 30 and 60 min between 1 and 2 hours greater than 2 hours					
3. Which items on the s	survey are not imp	portant?			
4. What other items sho	ould be on the sur	vey?			

Please add any a	dditional comments	

MERETI Self-Assessment of Research Ethics Committees						
20. Thank you for completing this survey!!!						